

Notice of Motion

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To all parties and their counsel of record:

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Notice is hereby given that, on January 24, 2013 at 8:30 a.m., or as soon as this matter may be heard in the Courtroom of the Honorable Lawrence J. O'Neill, Plaintiff-Intervenor California Department of Water Resources ("DWR") and Federal Defendants will jointly move this Court for an extension of the deadlines in the Amended Judgment (Doc. 884). The Court previously has granted modest extensions of the remand schedule on September 30, 2011 (Doc. 1061) and November 2, 2011 (Doc. 1065).

Beginning on December 11, 2012, undersigned counsel conferred with counsel for the parties in this litigation. Their positions on the motion are as follows:

Plaintiffs San Luis & Delta-Mendota Water Authority, Westlands Water District, Metropolitan Water District of Southern California, Coalition for a Sustainable Delta, Stockton East Water District, Oakdale Irrigation District, Kern County Water Agency, State Water Contractors, South San Joaquin Irrigation District, Family Farm Alliance, Stewart & Jasper Orchards, Arroyo Farms, LLC, and King Pistachio Grove indicated various positions of either support or non-opposition to this motion. Several of these parties have indicated that they intend to file joinders or other statements regarding their specific positions of support or non-opposition.

Defendant-Intervenors Natural Resources Defense Council and the Bay Institute are still considering the motion and were not able to provide their position as of the date of this filing.

Points and Authorities in Support of Motion

Introduction I.

The remand in this matter requires the Federal Defendants U.S. Bureau of Reclamation ("Reclamation") and the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service ("FWS") to complete certain analyses under the National Environmental Policy Act ("NEPA") and consultation under the Endangered Species Act ("ESA") regarding the proposed operations of the Central Valley Project ("CVP") and State Water Project ("SWP") by specified dates. Specifically, the final amended judgment requires Reclamation to complete its review of the draft smelt biological opinion ("BiOp") in accordance with NEPA and requires FWS to complete a new smelt BiOp and any Reasonable and

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Prudent Alternatives ("RPAs") by December 1, 2013. Doc. 884. The Court also has entered a remand Order in the related *Consolidated Salmonid Cases*, Civ. No. 09-1053, which requires separate NEPA and ESA processes for the same set of proposed project operations. Specifically, the remand Order in that case requires: (i) National Marine Fisheries Service ("NMFS") to transmit to Reclamation by October 1, 2014 a draft salmonid biological opinion ("BiOp"); (ii) Reclamation to issue a draft Environmental Impact Statement ("EIS") six months later, and a final EIS, or other required documentation, by February 1, 2016; (iv) NMFS to complete a final salmonid BiOp addressing the effects of these operations by February 1, 2016; and (v) Reclamation to issue its Record of Decision by April 29, 2016. *Id*.

Federal Defendants and Plaintiff-Intervenor DWR jointly move for a three-year extension of the Court-ordered remand schedule in this case (Docs. 884, 1061, 1065), to allow them the time needed to best utilize their resources to develop short-term actions and a long-term strategy for providing a sustainable water supply and successful ecosystem restoration in the Bay Delta Region in ways that are more effective for the short-term and long-term protection of ESA listed species. More specifically, the requested extension will allow the parties to focus their resources on a collaborative science-based process that the State of California and Federal Defendants have developed in close communication with the other parties in this litigation. See "Federal and State Proposal for Modification to the Remand Schedule and an Alternative Process for Development of Operational Strategies and a Collaborative Science and Adaptive Management Program" (attached hereto as Ex. A). This joint program includes a robust science-based and adaptive management process that will amplify the agencies' ability to address key issues by increasing the cooperation of relevant stakeholders and improving scientific understanding. This revised process also will improve NMFS' and FWS' understanding of the species under their jurisdiction, and provide NMFS and FWS with a greater ability to respond quickly to real-time information and employ effective adaptive management.

The extension also will allow the federal and state staff engaged in the remand to be better able to concentrate their efforts on completing the Bay-Delta Conservation Plan ("BDCP"), a

¹ The Federal Defendants and DWR are requesting an identical extension from this Court in the *Consolidated Salmonid Cases*, Civ. No. 09-1053.

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habitat conservation plan being developed by DWR pursuant to Section 10 of the ESA, with substantial staff support from the Federal agencies. The BDCP is intended to address long term solutions to the water resources and ecosystem issues in the Bay-Delta area, many of which have been identified in the BiOps and respective remands, and is expected to improve conditions for the ESA-listed species at issue in this case.

II. Applicable Legal Authority

The Court has the authority to grant the instant motion to extend the remand schedule pursuant to Federal Rule 60, which allows a court to grant relief from a final judgment if a motion is filed within a reasonable time of the entry of judgment. Fed. R. Civ. P. 60(b), (c)(1). Rule 60(b)(5) authorizes this Court to "relieve a party or its legal representative from a final judgment, order, or proceeding [when] applying it prospectively is no longer equitable." A Rule 60(b)(5) motion should be granted when there has been "either a significant change . . . in factual conditions or in law." *Rufo v. Inmates of Suffolk County Jail*, 502 U.S. 367 383-84 (1992). A judgment may be modified when changed circumstances make compliance "more onerous, unworkable, or detrimental to the public interest." *U.S. v. Asarco, Inc.*, 430 F.3d 972, 979 (9th Cir. 2005). This standard is "flexible," *Jeff D. v. Kempthorne*, 365 F.3d 844, 854 (9th Cir. 2004), and addressed to the sound discretion of the district court. *Thompson v. Housing Authority of the City of Los Angeles*, 782 F.2d 829, 832 (9th Cir. 1986). "[O]nce a party carries this burden, a court abuses its discretion 'when it refuses to modify an injunction . . . in light of such changes." *Horne v. Flores*, 557 U.S. 433, 447 (2009) (quoting Agostini v. Felton, 521 U.S. 203, 215 (1997)) (other internal citations omitted).

III. Discussion

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Federal Defendants and DWR are requesting a three-year extension of the remand schedule so that the agencies can use their limited resources in ways that are most effective for the short-term and long-term protection of ESA listed species. McInnis Decl. ¶ 2. The three-year extension is part of a plan that includes a robust science-based and adaptive management process that will amplify the ability to address key issues through increasing the involvement of relevant

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² The Court previously granted limited extensions of the remand schedule on September 30, 2011, (Doc. 1061), and November 2, 2011 (Doc. 1065).

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8, 11; Lohoefener Decl. ¶ 5. The collaborative science and adaptive management program described in the attachment hereto is a more inclusive and transparent approach to the development of operational strategies that will give NMFS and FWS a greater ability to respond quickly to real-time information and employ effective adaptive management. McInnis Decl. ¶ 2; See also Ex. A at 2-3. It is a science-based approach designed to reduce uncertainties and improve performance from both biological and water-supply perspectives. Ex. A at 1-2. As part of this process, the State and Federal Agencies will establish and implement a Collaborative Adaptive Management Team ("CAMT") to assist DWR, Reclamation, and the State and Federal fish agencies in designing, implementing, and evaluating a multi-year program to incorporate a scientifically robust adaptive management process into the implementation of the NMFS (2009) and FWS (2008) BiOps over the interim period. Id. at 2. The RPAs will be evaluated and refined through the collaborative science and adaptive management program and may be modified through administrative action or judicial approval as appropriate. Id. at 3. The operations and operational strategies implemented under the collaborative science and adaptive management program will incorporate adjustments, as determined by FWS or NMFS, using the flexibility currently authorized by the RPAs or other appropriate administrative or judicial mechanisms. *Id.* The collaborative science and adaptive management program will be helpful in two

stakeholders and will improve our understanding of the listed species' needs. *Id.*; Glaser Decl. ¶¶

primary ways. First, the program will provide the opportunity for all litigants to help design and evaluate a scientifically robust adaptive management process for implementing key actions in the RPAs through annual operations strategies. Lohoefener Decl. ¶ 5. This program is intended to help resolve key scientific uncertainties related to species protection and water availability in the Delta. Id.; McInnis Decl. ¶ 8. Additional stakeholder and public engagement through the Remand Stakeholder Engagement Process, the collaborative science and adaptive management program to be developed pursuant to the Federal and State Understanding document, and the ongoing NEPA process will lead to better scientific information and a greater understanding of what actions are needed to protect species. Glaser Decl. ¶¶ 8, 11. Second, this program is structured on an adaptive management process that is similar to what has been proposed for the

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for the adaptive management process proposed in the BDCP. *Id.*; McInnis Decl. ¶ 8. Moreover, as detailed in the attached declaration of Dale Hoffman-Floerke, Chief Deputy

BDCP. Lohoefener Decl. ¶ 5. This three-year process will provide a valuable proof-of-concept

Director for DWR, changed circumstances and the overlapping subject matter of the BDCP are significant and provide good cause to support the requested extension. Hoffman-Floerke Decl. ¶¶ 1-6. For example, in the summer of 2012, the U.S. Secretary of the Interior, Governor of California, and officials from NMFS jointly announced changes in the BDCP proposal and planning process, which improved the federal and state agencies ability to move forward on the plan. Id. ¶ 3. These included proposed design changes that would reduce the number of Sacramento River intakes and total conveyance capacity by forty percent, and other proposals designed to maximize energy efficiency and minimize environmental impacts of the BDCP. Id. The extension requested in this motion would allow time for new scientific methodologies proposed under BDCP, and any monitoring data obtained after it is approved, to be considered and incorporated in the remanded BiOps, as appropriate. *Id.* ¶ 5, 6. In addition, because the subject matter involved is complex and controversial, extending the time to develop the salmonid and smelt BiOps while the BDCP is being completed will provide time to better develop scientifically robust and consistent documents. Id. \P 6. In short, the above-described changed circumstances and overlapping subject matter of BDCP provide good cause for the requested extension.

The current remand schedule does not allow for this effort to move forward as agency resources are focused on completing the ESA Section 7 consultation. McInnis Decl. ¶¶ 2, 7. With the three-year extension, the same federal and state staff engaged in the ESA Section 7 consultation would be better able to concentrate efforts to complete BDCP, which is expected to improve conditions for the same ESA listed species. Id. at \P 2. Additionally, the collaborative science and adaptive management process will provide opportunities to design and evaluate a scientifically robust adaptive management process for implementing key actions in the RPAs in the FWS and NMFS BiOps, and allows NMFS and FWS to consider modifications to the RPAs through adaptive management as provided within the BiOps, if necessary, or as may be allowed

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by existing law and administrative procedures. Id. at \P 8, 10; Ex. A at 2-3. This process, which is intended to help resolve key scientific uncertainties while continuing to provide equal or better protection for listed species, will improve NMFS' understanding about the species under its jurisdiction and provide NMFS a greater ability to respond quickly to real-time information and employ effective adaptive management. McInnis Decl. at ¶¶ 2, 8. The CVP and SWP, managed for an additional three years under this proposed framework, will continue to avoid the likelihood of jeopardizing the survival and recovery of the species and the destruction or adverse modification of designated critical habitat. Id.

In addition, the parties are hopeful that, at the end of this extension, FWS and NMFS will be better able to ensure consistency for the remanded salmonid and smelt BiOps.³ Lohoefener Decl. ¶ 6. Given the importance of conserving listed species while providing water security for California, it is essential that the FWS and NMFS BiOp schedules allow the agencies to use the best available scientific and commercial data and provide consistent approaches to avoiding and resolving potential conflicts. Id.

Finally, the parties are hopeful that the requested extension will conserve judicial resources as well as party resources. The enhanced processes for developing operational strategies and collaborative science that would be possible as a result of the extended remand schedules are intended to encourage a "time out" on litigation associated with annual SWP and CVP Delta operations under the existing BiOps. Ex. A at 2, 6. Participants in the alternative interim process would commit to the collaborative processes therein for developing annual operational strategies and criteria, with the non-binding goal of avoiding litigation over annual operations during the next several years. *Id.* All participants would acknowledge that the limited resources available for the collaborative science process may be diminished if litigation continues in this case or in a new case. *Id*.

³ Nothing in this joint motion constrains any party's rights to request that the Court establish a single schedule to simultaneously complete the smelt and salmonid consultations by no later than February 1, 2019, or set forth their views on whether it is necessary to continue consultation to obtain new BiOps through the remand process, or inform the Court that consultation is no longer necessary and request appropriate relief by motion.

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1	IV. Conclusion			
2	For the foregoing reasons, the joint motion to extend the remand schedule should be			
3	granted, and all deadlines in the smelt remand process should be extended for a period of three			
4	years.			
5	Respectfully Submitted,			
6	Dated: December 20, 2012 KAMALA D. HARRIS, ATTORNEY GENERAL			
7	OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
8	By: <u>Clifford T. Lee</u>			
9	CLIFFORD T. LEE ALLISON GOLDSMITH			
10	DEPUTIES ATTORNEY GENERAL			
11	ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF-IN- INTERVENTION CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT			
12	OF WATER RESOURCES			
13	Dated: December 20, 2012 IGNACIA S. MORENO, ASSISTANT ATTORNI	ΞV		
14 15	GENERAL UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE			
16	ENVIRONMENT & NATURAL RESOURCE			
17	SETH M. BARSKY, CHIEF S. JAY GOVINDAN, ASSISTANT CHIEF			
18				
19	BY: <u>Robert P. Williams</u> ROBERT P. WILLIAMS, TRIAL ATTORNI	ΞY		
20	WILDLIFE & MARINE RESOURCES SECTION			
21	ATTORNEYS FOR FEDERAL DEFENDANTS			
22	CEDTIFICATE OF CEDVICE			
23	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE			
24	I hereby certify that, on December 20, 2012, the foregoing, with supporting attachments,			
25	was filed with the Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system, which will send notification of			
26	such to the attorneys of record in this matter.			
27	/s/ Robert P. Williams Robert P. Williams, Trial Attorney			
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	- 8 - JOINT MOTION TO EXTEND REMAND SCHEDULE IN CONSOLIDATED SMELT LITIGATION			

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